

	Resistance welding		Laser welding		
	Seam welding	Projection welding	Pulse (Nd:YAG) laser	Continous Wave (CW) fibre laser	Cold welding
Feature	Parallel electrode rolling alongside weld path	Vertical electrodes single time weld	Fixed optic, moving x/y table	Oscillation welding + fix or moving x/y table	High pressure welding
	Pyramid Engineering Services HPS9206				
Typical Packages					
Exemple of packages and / or metals weldability	Preferrably Kovar packages		Most metals can be welded / cutted with a Yag laser Albuminium  **Stainiess Steel  **Low Carbon Steels  **Kovar  **Copper  **Nickel / Nickel ron and Copra Nickel  **Monel  **Beryllium Copper  **Phosphor Bronze  **Hastelloy  **Molybdenum  **Tantalum  **Tantalum  **Tartalum  **Tartal	Most metals can be welded with a fibre laser, a few metals that has proven weldability:  - Aluminium grade 4047 to 6061 - Silicone Aluminium - Stainless steel grade 304, 316 - Titranium alloy Ti-6Al-4V - Brass 95/5 - K	Transistor device packages TO 18, 72, 5, 38, 66 & 3 Power device packages DO4, 5, El2, I4, I5, 8, Pucks Crystal device packages UN 1, HC 49, 45, 18, 6, DI 4 & 3/ DI. Hybrid device packages UII I4, 16, 24 Special device packages TO 220, Quad packs, m/wave diode
Pros	Suitable for square, rectangular, vertical lead and circular packages with dimensional range between 2 to 152 mm, with plain or step lide up to 0.5 mm thick. Excellent positionnal accuracy < to ± 0.025 mm Designed to achieve high quality, repeatable production sealing of hybrid style packages	Proven technology with a long record of packages in the industry already welded with this technique Can weld under specific atmosphere with stainless steel vacuum chamber	Reliability Minimal heat distortion Deep penetration welds and cutting thicknesses. Non-contact process. Process different materials and complex shapes. Readily automated.	Reliability and long lasting components High flexbility and weld control (weld depth, width, speed) Maximum control of heat input Deep penetration welds and cutting thicknesses. High processing speeds. High power efficiency Non-contact process. Process different materials and complex shapes. Readily automated.	No heat input just high pressure on a profiled package Proven technology with a long record of packages in the industry already welded with this technique Can weld under specific atmosphere with stainless steel vacuum chamber
Cons	Process limited to certain shape of packages (rectangular or circular) Process limited to a certain type of materials (Kovar like and / or resistives metals) and specific design	Require specific package design (projection) to weld	Spare parts requirements (flash lamp)     Bigger footprint	New technique	Require specific package design (projection) to weld